

Engineering Seismology and Seismic Hazard – 2019

Exercise #1

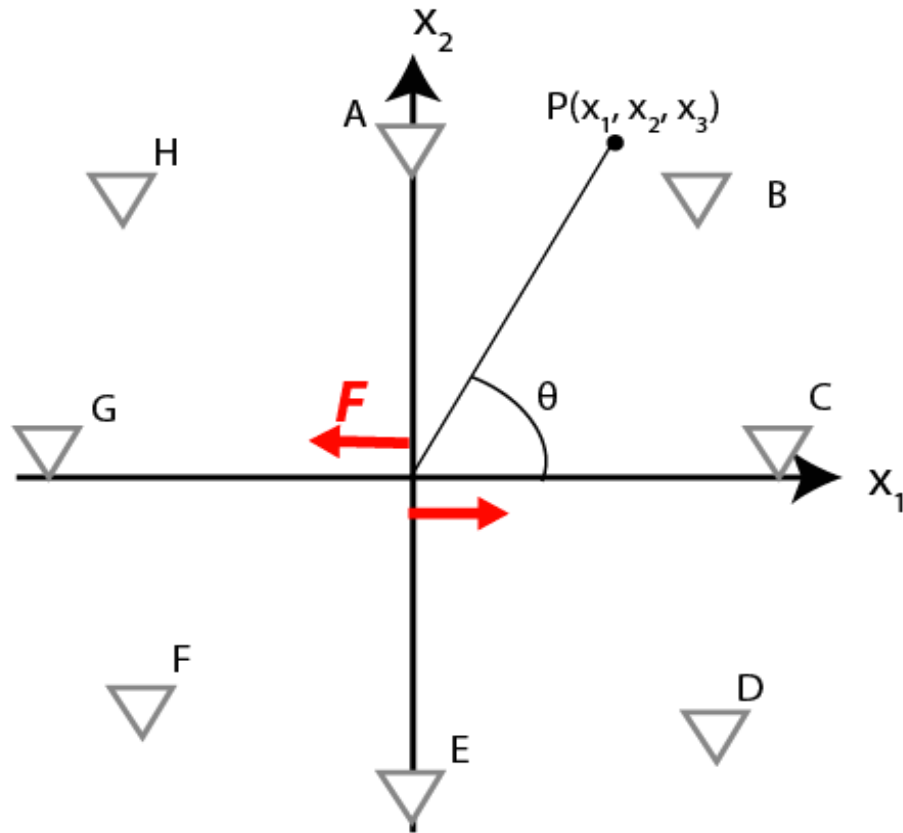
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Question 1

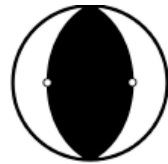


Green's function represents the wave propagation characteristics of a medium.

If we introduce a double couple source, we can discuss the propagation pattern of the generated waves by the source.

Imagine we have stations A-H positioned around the source. What might be the expected p – s wave patterns and directions.

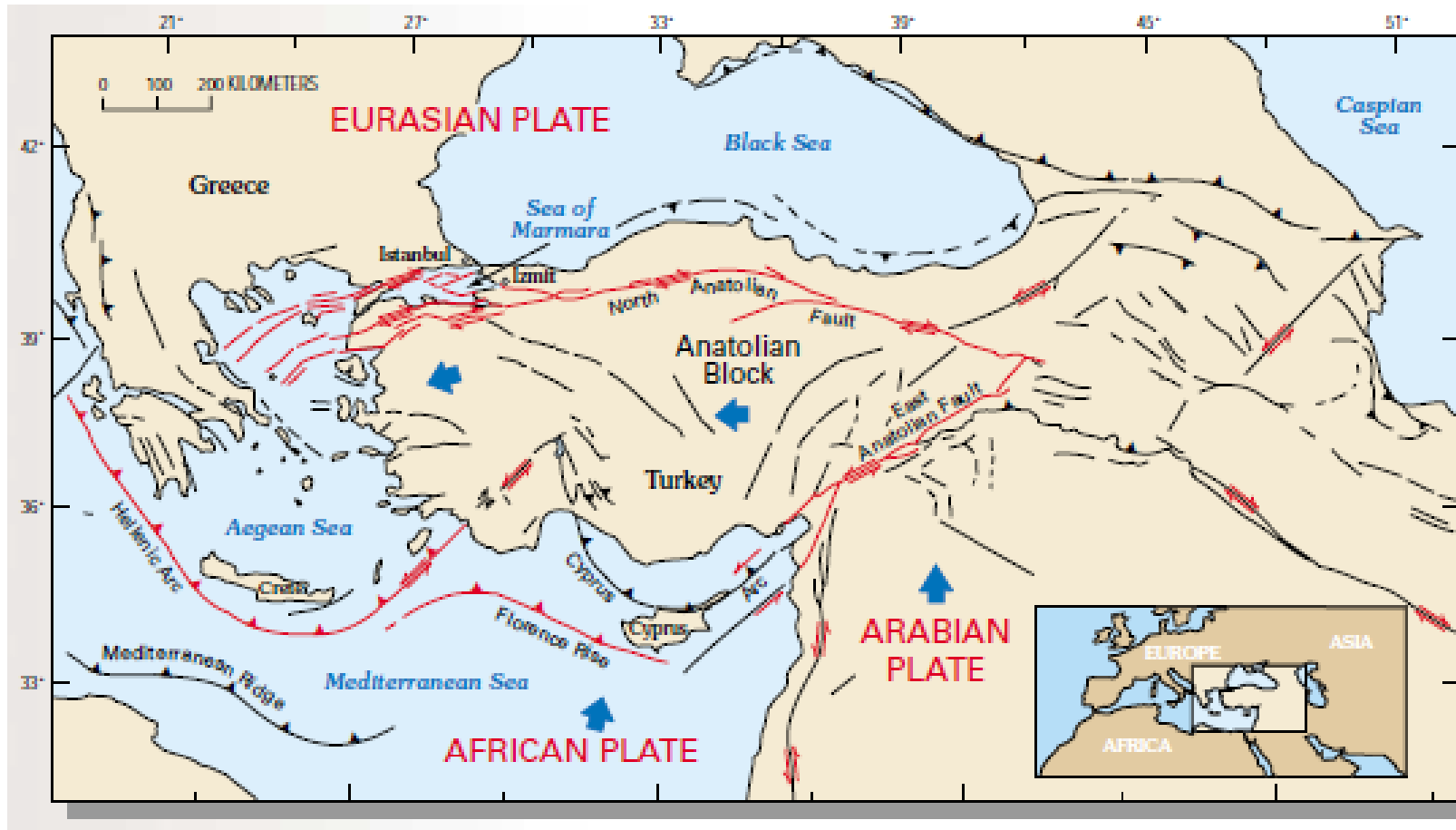
Question 2



Guess which mechanism!

Beach balls are graphical representations of focal mechanisms associated with specific earthquakes.

Question 3



Anatolian plate is one of the most studied tectonic regions in the world.

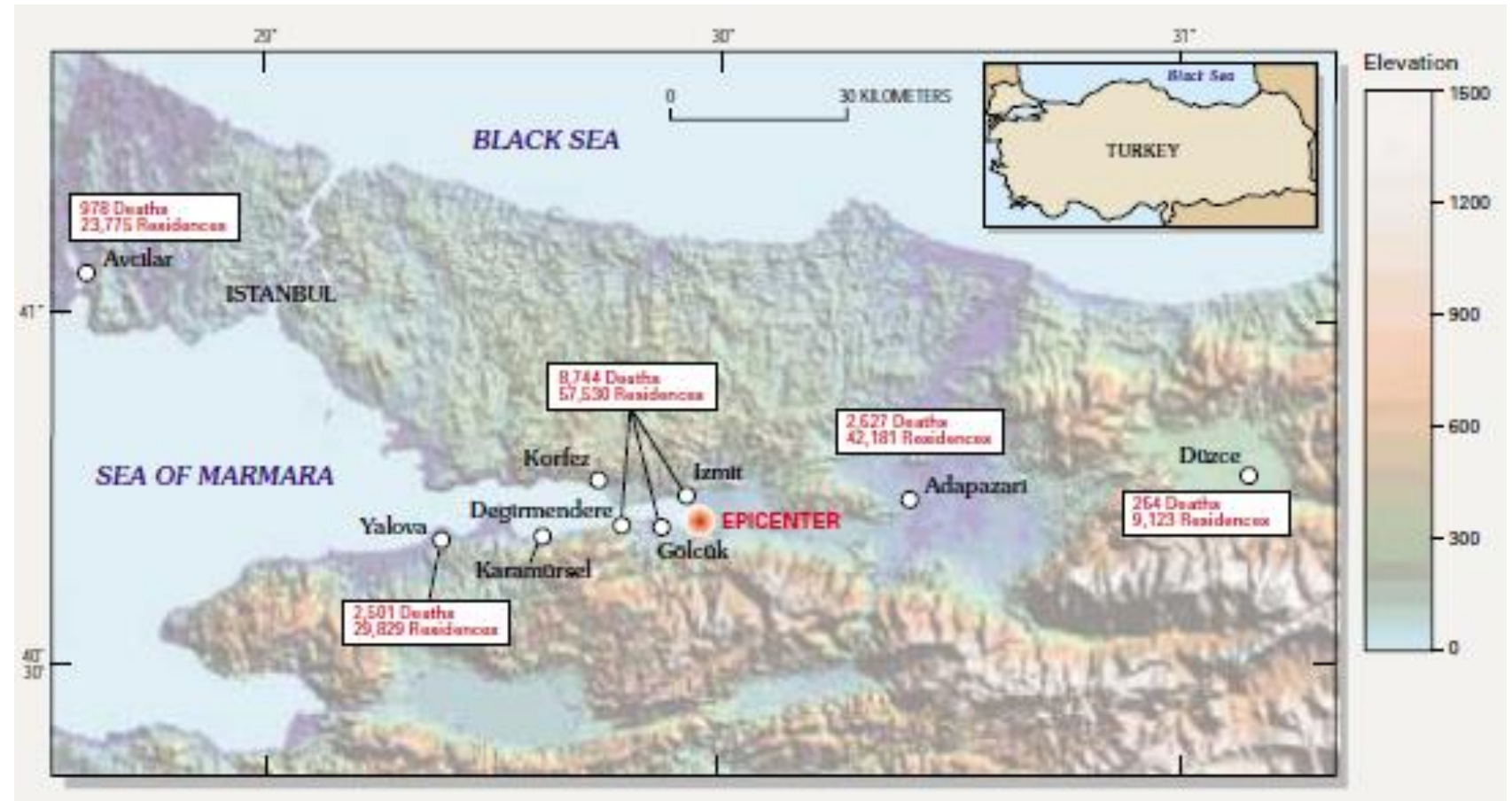
Anatolian plate is a minor tectonic plate under compression between the African, Arabian and Eurasian Plate.

Question 3

In 1999, a Mw 7.6 earthquake occurred on the western main branch of the North Anatolian Fault (NAF).

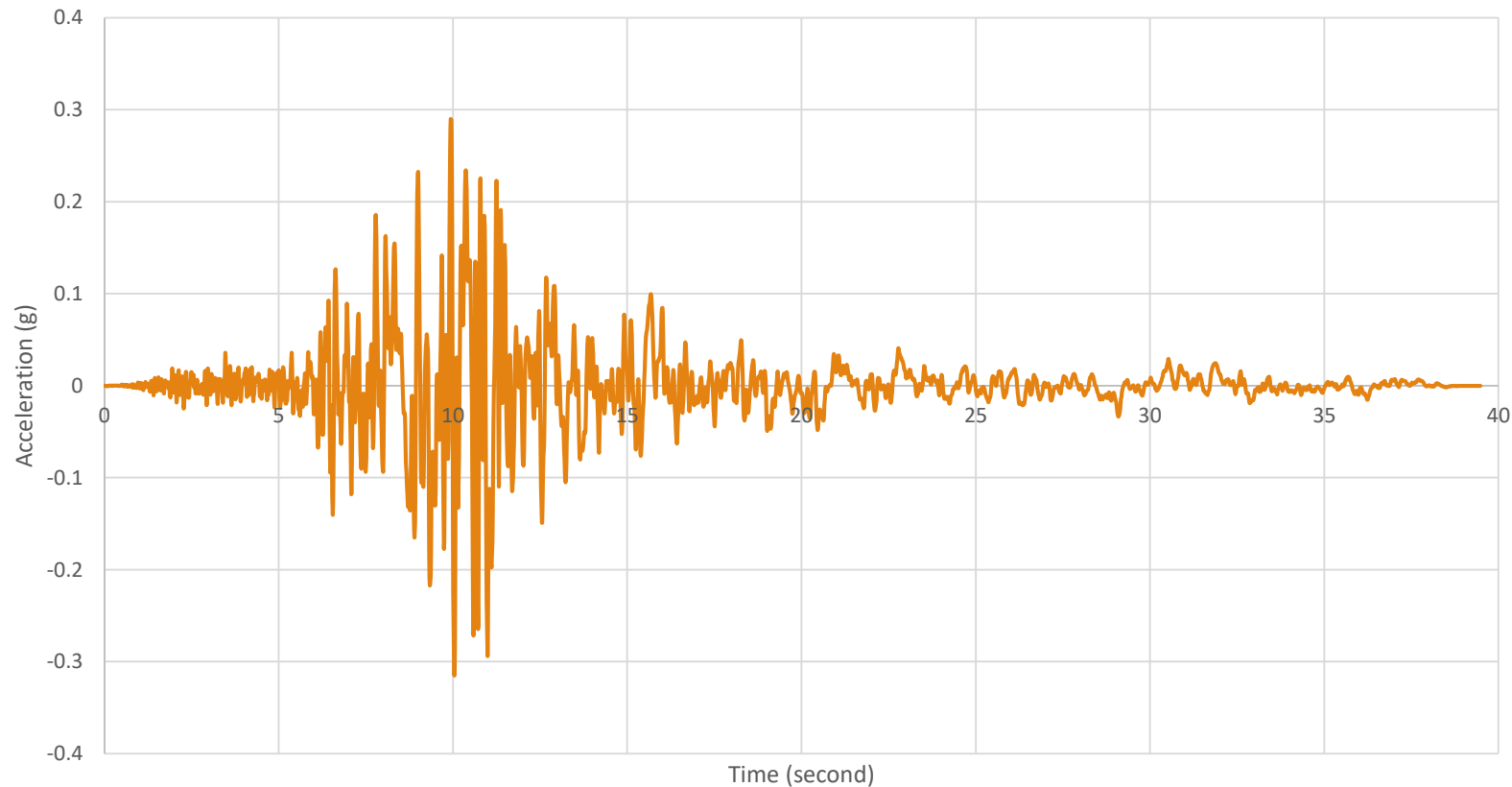
This event was quite close to numerous major cities in North-western Turkey.

We will be discussing some main characteristics of this event.



Question 3

Imperial Valley Earthquake



Lets compute the epicentre to the strong motion station distance

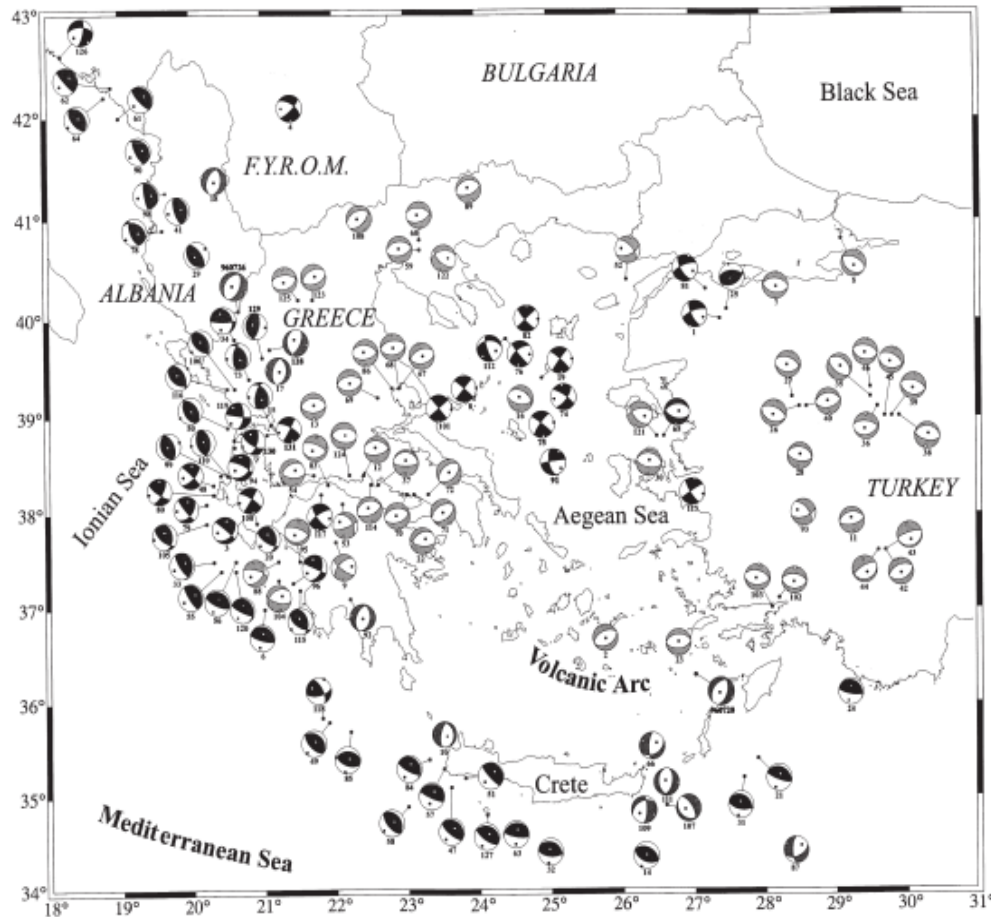
Assume $V_p = 7$ km/sec and $V_s = 4$ km/sec

We have two equaitons;

$$X \text{ (km)} = V_p * t_1$$

$$X \text{ (km)} = V_s * (t_1 + \Delta t)$$

Question 4



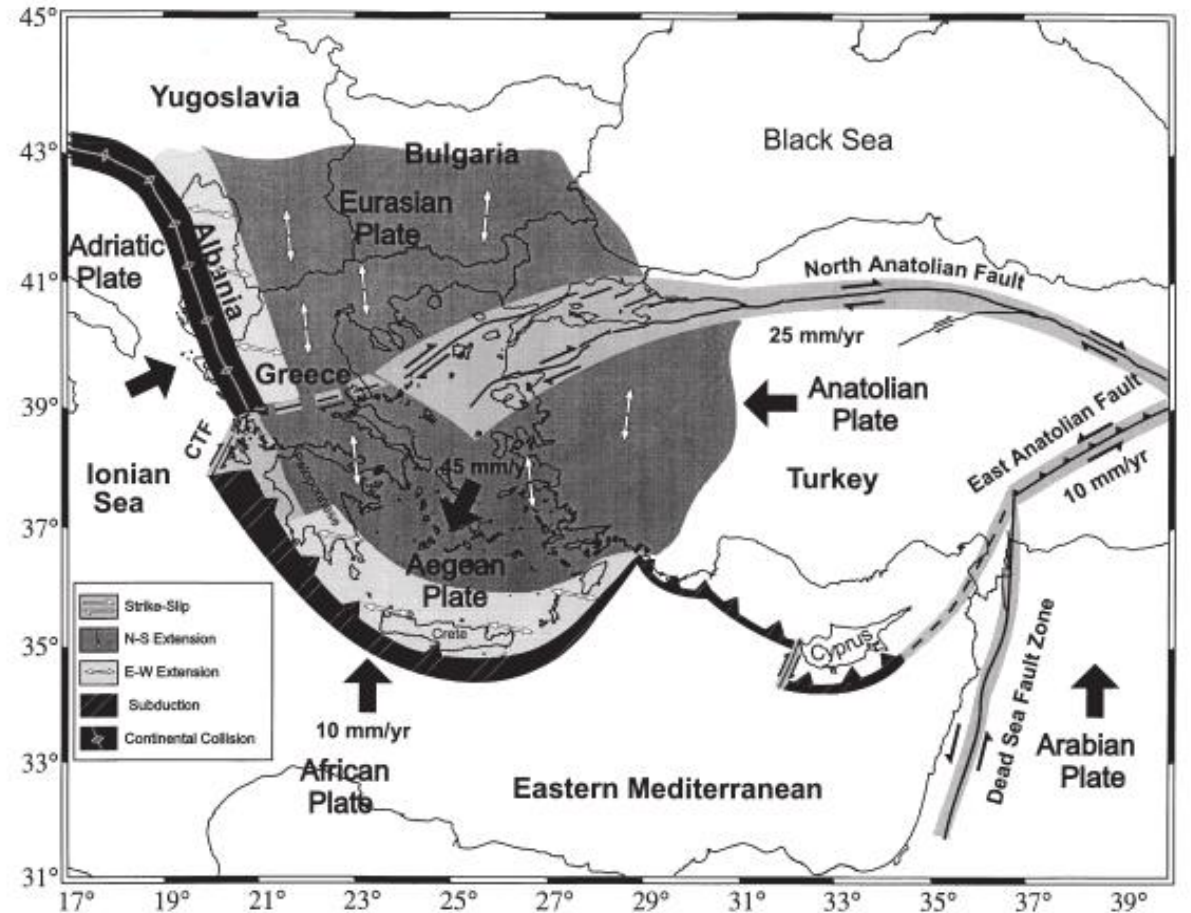
Here, all the earthquakes occurred between 1953 and 1995 having a magnitude higher than $M > 5.5$

What does such a database might tell us?

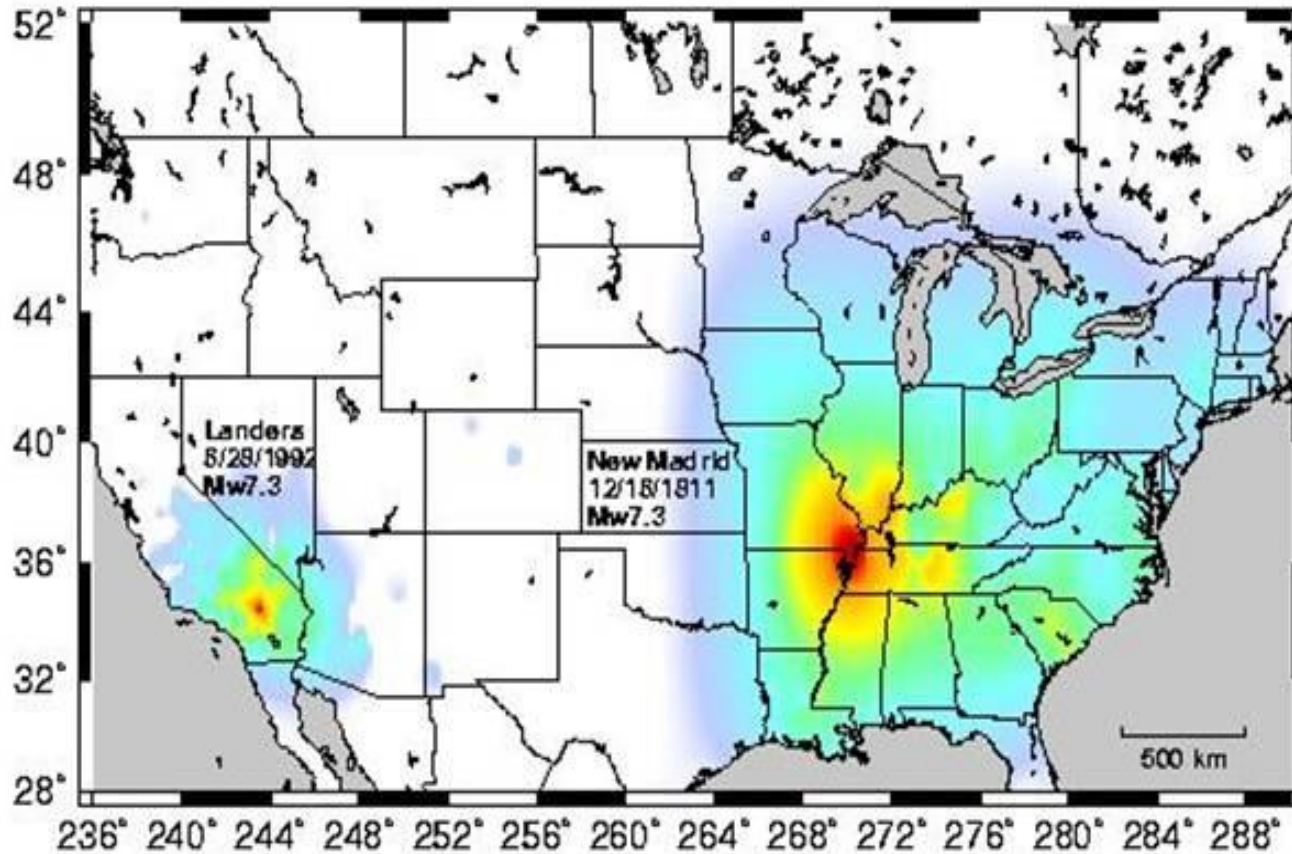
Question 4

Here, is the tectonic setting of the same region.

Do you think that the previous plot and this one is compatible?



Question 5



PERCEIVED SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	none	none	none	Very light	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	Very Heavy
PEAK ACC. (%g)	< .17	.17-1.4	1.4-3.9	3.9-9.2	9.2-18	18-34	34-65	65-124	>124
PEAK VEL. (cm/s)	<0.1	0.1-1.1	1.1-3.4	3.4-8.1	8.1-16	16-31	31-60	60-116	>116
INSTRUMENTAL INTENSITY	I	II-III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+

In 1811, a sequence of three high magnitude earthquakes occurred in New Madrid, Ohio.

Peculiarly, these events had an enormous area of influence and the shaking was even felt from the cities as far as New York, Boston and Montreal.

Compared with the similar magnitude event in Landers, California, what controls the felt area of these earthquakes? If you were the scientist to model the ground motion in these two earthquakes, how would you consider this difference in your model?